

Violent Video Games and Gaming Addictions

Video games have become a dominant form of entertainment in today's digital age. While games can provide cognitive benefits such as problem-solving skills, hand-eye coordination, and social interaction, they also raise significant concerns, particularly when they involve violent content or lead to addictive behaviours. Understanding the potential impact of violent video games and gaming addiction on children and teens is essential to developing healthier gaming habits and mitigating negative consequences.

The Appeal of Violent Video Games

Many video games, especially those popular among youth, contain violent themes. From first-person shooters to action-packed adventure games, children are often immersed in virtual worlds where conflict, destruction, and combat are the primary modes of interaction. These games are often highly stimulating, offering fast-paced action, exciting graphics, and a sense of accomplishment after completing challenges. The appeal of violent video games lies in their ability to engage players by providing immediate rewards, progression systems, and, in multiplayer formats, social validation from peers.

The Bible teaches us that we are called to pursue peace and love others as Christ loved us. In Matthew 5:9, Jesus says, "Blessed are the peacemakers, for they will be called children of God." Violent video games, which often glorify aggression and conflict resolution through force, stand in contrast to this biblical calling to be peacemakers in our actions and thoughts. Regular exposure to virtual violence can desensitize children to real-world suffering, making it more difficult for them to cultivate empathy and kindness.

The Psychological Impact of Violent Video Games

From a biblical standpoint, what children watch, listen to, and play matters because it influences their hearts and minds. Proverbs 4:23 instructs us to "guard your heart, for everything you do flows from it." When children immerse themselves in violent games, they are allowing potentially harmful content to shape their attitudes and perceptions.

Critics argue that exposing children to violent video gaming content can desensitize them to real-world violence, potentially lowering their empathy for others and increasing aggressive behaviours. Some studies suggest that prolonged exposure to violent imagery and aggressive narratives can normalize violence, making it seem like a more acceptable response to conflict.

Social and Developmental Implications

The social consequences of violent games and gaming addiction are far-reaching. Children who excessively play violent games may struggle to develop empathy and cooperation skills, which are crucial for real-world relationships. Furthermore, video game addiction can hinder a child's emotional development by limiting their ability to experience boredom and find creative ways to engage their time outside the virtual world.

Violent video games often emphasize aggression, competition, and self-promotion, whereas the Bible calls us to humility, gentleness, and selflessness. If their primary source of engagement comes from violent games that prioritize aggression, competition, and individual success over collaboration, children may be at risk of developing skewed perceptions of how relationships should function. Helping children balance gaming with activities that promote these virtues—such as service, prayer, and face-to-face relationships—will foster their spiritual and emotional growth.

Behavioural Changes: Aggression and Impulsivity

Children who regularly play violent video games may show signs of increased impulsivity, irritability, and reduced self-control. These behavioural changes can manifest in school environments or at home, leading to conflicts with peers, teachers, and family members. Kids who are highly engaged in violent gaming are sometimes more likely to interpret ambiguous social situations as hostile, which can fuel aggression in their real-life interactions.

Yet, it's essential to understand that not every child reacts the same way. Factors such as personality, emotional regulation, and family dynamics can all influence how a child internalizes and reacts to violent game content. A child with strong emotional support and healthy coping mechanisms may be less likely to experience negative behavioural changes than one who feels isolated or stressed.

Gaming Addiction: A Growing Concern

Gaming addiction is characterized by excessive time spent playing games to the point where it interferes with a child's academic performance, social interactions, and even physical health. The World Health Organization (WHO) has officially recognized "Gaming Disorder" as a mental health condition, defined by an inability to control gaming habits, a prioritization of gaming over other interests and daily activities, and continuation of gaming despite negative consequences.

Beyond violence, gaming addiction is an issue of increasing concern for parents and educators. Addiction, in any form, leads to a loss of self-control and enslavement to the desires of the flesh. The Bible is clear about the dangers of anything that controls us. In 1 Corinthians 6:12, Paul writes, "I have the right to do anything, but I will not be mastered by anything." Gaming addiction, which can consume a child's time, energy, and attention, risks becoming a master over them, drawing them away from their responsibilities, relationships, and their walk with God.

The Effects of Gaming Addiction on Kids

Children who become addicted to video games often suffer from a range of negative consequences, including:

- **Poor Academic Performance:** Time spent gaming can detract from studying, completing homework, and engaging in extracurricular activities. As gaming becomes a priority, children's academic performance may suffer.
- **Social Isolation:** Addicted gamers may withdraw from social interactions, spending most of their time in virtual worlds rather than engaging in face-to-face relationships. Over time, this can lead to loneliness, social anxiety, and a loss of real-world social skills.
- **Physical Health Issues:** Gaming addiction can contribute to a sedentary lifestyle, which may lead to obesity, poor posture, eye strain, and sleep disturbances. Children who game excessively often sacrifice physical activities, which are vital for healthy growth and development.
- **Emotional Disturbance:** Some kids may develop anxiety, depression, or irritability as a result of excessive gaming, particularly if their addiction leads to conflicts with parents or poor performance at school. The highs of gaming (success, rewards, and achievements) can create a contrast with real-world challenges, leaving children frustrated when their actual lives don't mirror the instant gratification they get from games.

Addressing the Issue: What Can Be Done?

Parents, educators, and policymakers play a critical role in mitigating the potential harm of violent video games and gaming addiction. Here are several strategies to consider:

- **Monitor and Limit Screen Time:** Ensure all screens are used in common areas of your home. Children and youth do not need to have screens, devices, or phones in their bedrooms. Parents can set daily or weekly gaming limits to ensure that children have a balanced lifestyle that includes physical activity, social interaction, and academic engagement.
- **Encourage Age-Appropriate Games:** Many games come with age ratings and content descriptors. By selecting age-appropriate games, parents can help reduce their children's exposure to violent content and ensure they are playing games that promote creativity, teamwork, and problem-solving.
- **Promote Appropriate Gaming Habits:** Teaching children the importance of moderation and setting clear boundaries around gaming can prevent addiction. Encouraging them to take breaks, engage in other activities, and maintain a routine is crucial for balanced habits.
- **Find Healthy Alternatives:** If children are asked to limit time spent gaming, be sure there are healthy alternative activities for them to enjoy. Ask your child what they enjoy for both indoor activities (e.g., board games, puzzles, Lego, art projects) and outdoor adventures (e.g., sports, hiking, geocaching).
- **Have Open Conversations About Violence and Reality:** Parents should have open discussions with their children about the difference between the virtual world and reality. Helping kids process the violence they see in games and reinforcing non-violent conflict resolution skills can reduce the potential negative effects.
- **Model Healthy Media Consumption:** Children often learn by observing the behaviours of adults around them. By modelling responsible and godly media consumption, parents can

show their children the importance of prioritizing what aligns with biblical values.

Philippians 4:9 encourages us to “put into practice” what is true, noble, and praiseworthy, setting an example for the next generation.

- **Seek Professional Help if Needed:** If a child exhibits signs of gaming addiction or increased aggression due to violent games, professional intervention may be necessary. Therapists and counsellors can help address underlying issues and provide strategies to manage gaming habits.

Additional Resources

Axis: Connecting Parents and Teens to Jesus in a Disconnected World

- [**A Parent’s Guide to Discipling Teens**](#)
- [**A Parent’s Guide to Video Games**](#)
- [**How to Talk About Video Games with Your Teen**](#)

Articles

- [**Confessions of a Video Game Addict**](#)
- [**Do Video Games Influence Violent Behaviour?**](#)
- [**How Video Games Affect the Brain**](#)
- [**Shoot to Kill: The Real Impact of Violent Video Games**](#)
- [**When Should Kids Play Video Games?**](#)

Videos

- [**Experiment Looks at Effects of Fortnite on 10-Year-Old’s Brain**](#) (4:01)
- [**How to Save a Loved One from Game Addiction**](#) (14:33)
- [**This is Your Child’s Brain on Video Games**](#) (4:39)
- [**Three Tips on What To Do If Your Child is Addicted to Gaming**](#) (1:00)
- [**Victory Over Video Game Addiction: Emmanuel Higgins’ Testimony**](#) (13:54)

Revision #4

Created 24 September 2024 23:22:12 by Karen Roeck

Updated 20 January 2025 19:28:03 by Karen Roeck